1 Overview

Principles and Goals
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 Director, Institute of Industrial Ecological Sciences

Occupational Medicine is a multidisciplinary science based on medicine, engineering, behavioral sciences, psychology, and many other fields of study. Ideally, it is applied at the workplace to reduce adverse health effects attributable to working environments and working conditions, to facilitate adaptation of work to worker, and to promote workers' health and safer, more effective working environments.



Industrial Ecological Science is a unique term adopted by this institute with the goal of establishing a new science that targets the health and well-being of workers in ever-changing industrialized societies, based on the application of occupational medicine concepts to groups and organizations.

The Institute of Industrial Ecological Sciences (IIES) promotes research, education, and international partnership in the field of occupational medicine, promoting innovative research across a wide range of occupational and environmental issues, ranging from basic research to applied technologies and to practical guidelines for real-world worksites. The IIES pursues cutting-edge, world-class research through joint efforts with UOEH alumni; it also promotes research to resolve concrete issues through partnerships involving researchers from diverse backgrounds and specialties, based on an understanding of social systems and conditions at real-world workplaces.

The IIES offers young physicians a balance of educational excellence and real-world experience in occupational medicine to produce leading occupational physicians who have mastered a scientific approach to solving the issues they confront in their sphere of activities and who base their practice on an in-depth understanding of occupational medicine.

The IIES promotes joint research, international partnerships, and human resource development in the field of occupational medicine, seeking to diffuse knowledge and understanding of occupational medicine worldwide, especially in Asia, through the exchange of experts, scholars, and research scientists and through remote education systems that transmit and receive visual images and data through high-speed data connections.

2) Historical Profile

The departments of Environmental Health Engineering and Ergonomics were established in 1978, when the University of Occupational and Environmental Health, Japan (UOEH) was founded to promote occupational medicine and to train occupational physicians.

In 1984, when UOEH graduated its first class, the Graduate School of Medical Science was established jointly by the departments of Clinical Epidemiology, Environmental Epidemiology, Environmental Toxicology, and Systems Physiology. The Fundamental Course on Occupational Medicine was launched at this time.

The Institute of Industrial Ecological Sciences (IIES) was established in 1986 through the combined efforts of the six departments named above to pursue advanced research and post-graduate education in the field of occupational medicine.

In 1987, the IIES added the Department of Health Policy and Management.

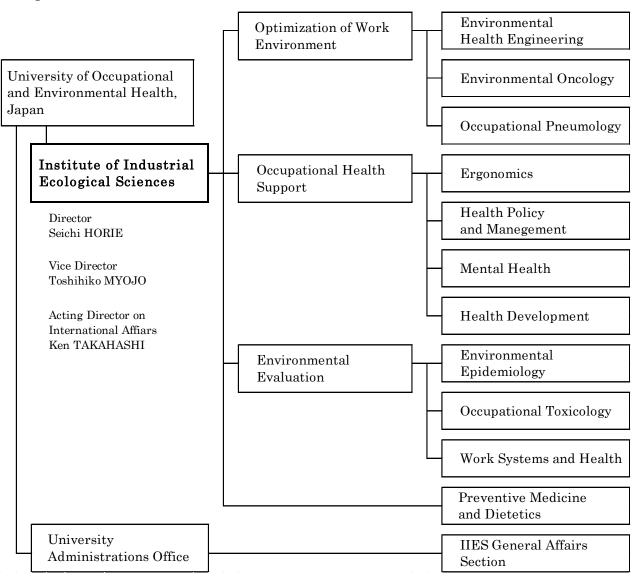
From 1991 to 1994, the departments of Occupational Health Economics, Health Development, Mental Health, Work Systems and Health, Occupational Oncology, and Occupational Pneumology were added to enhance the multidisciplinary capacity of the IIES.

In 2004, as part of a movement to downsize the institute, the departments of Clinical Epidemiology, Systems Physiology, and Occupational Health Economics were closed.

In 2009, to promote large-scale research projects, ten departments were integrated into the three following clusters: Optimization of Work Environment, Occupational Health Support, and Environmental Evaluation.

The IIES has assumed responsibility for the Residency Program for Occupational Health Physicians (the A Course), handling occupational medicine education at the School of Medicine, the School of Health Sciences, and the Occupational Health Training Center. The IIES takes pride in its designation as a WHO Collaborating Center (WHOCC) since 1988 and has hosted international Group Training Courses on behalf of the Japan International Cooperation Agency (JICA) since 1985. The IIES has also exchanged Memorandums of Understanding with institutes in Korea, China, Taiwan, Vietnam, and Finland to promote international partnerships. The IIES currently implements a wide range of research, with an emphasis on nanoparticles, asbestos, and issues related to the aging workforce. It is well-prepared for the opening of the Graduate School for Occupational Medicine scheduled for 2012.

3) Organization



Professor

Toshihiko MYOJO Environmental HealthEngineering

Hiroshi KASAI Environmental Oncology Yasuo MORIMOTO Occupational Pneumology

Masaharu KUMASHIRO Ergonomics

Seichi HORIE Health Policy and Management

Hisanori HIRO Mental Health

Hiroshi YAMATO Health Development

Ken TAKAHASHI Environmental Epidemiology Toshiaki HIGASHI Work Systems and Health

Associate Professor

Kazuaki KAWAI Environmental Oncology Akira OHGAMI Occupational Pneumology

Hiroyuki IZUMI Ergonomics

Jinro INOUE Health Policy and Management
Eun-Kee PARK Environmental Epidemiology
Reiko IDE Work Systems and Health

Noritaka TOKUI Preventive Medicine and Dietetics

Assistant Professor

Masanori OHTA Health Development

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Yoshiyuki HIGUCHI Ergonomics

Shoko KAWANAMI Health Policy and Management

Kosuke MAFUNE Mental Health

Yasumasa EGUCHI Health Development

Delgermaa VANYA Environmental Epidemiology

Donald John WILSON Occupational Toxicology

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